## Printed Circuit Board (PCB) laboratory

A PCB (Printed Circuit Board) lab is a facility where electronic circuits are designed, fabricated, and tested. It typically involves:

Designing: Engineers use software to create the circuit layout, specifying the placement of components and traces.

Fabrication: The designed circuit is transferred onto a PCB through processes like etching or milling, creating a physical board with copper traces.

Assembly: Components like resistors, capacitors, and chips are soldered onto the board, forming the complete circuit.

Testing: The assembled PCB undergoes various tests to ensure functionality and troubleshoot any issues.

Prototyping: Laboratory may also focus on prototyping, allowing for small-scale production and refinement of electronic designs.

Overall, a PCB lab plays a crucial role in the development and optimization of electronic devices.

PCP lab caters the need of designing the PCB by using automatic computer-controlled PCB machine as well as manually. This lab has complete setup of PCB making through manual process and can be designed automatically. This lab has a LPKF automatic computer-controlled machine which can make any complete PCB (single sided, double sided) automatically using single LPKF software.





